

B.Sc Math (H) part-181  
 paper I, Group - A  
 summation of series  
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# Summation of series

①

Formulae (1)

$$\textcircled{1} \sin \alpha + \sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha + 2\beta) + \dots + \sin\{\alpha + (n-1)\beta\}$$

Sum of Sines  
 of angles in A.P

$$= \frac{\sin\left(\frac{n \cdot \text{difference}}{2}\right) \cdot \sin\left(\frac{1st \text{ angle} + \text{last}}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{\text{difference}}{2}\right)}$$

difference in A.P  
 Common difference

$$= \frac{\sin \frac{n\beta}{2}}{\sin \beta} \cdot \sin\left\{\alpha + \frac{(n-1)\beta}{2}\right\} \textcircled{1} \textcircled{2}$$

concept ①  
 $\sin\left\{\frac{2\alpha + (n-1)\beta}{2}\right\}$   
 $= \sin\left\{\alpha + \frac{(n-1)\beta}{2}\right\}$

$$= \frac{\sin \frac{n\beta}{2}}{\sin \beta} \cdot \sin \frac{1}{2} \{2\alpha + (n-1)\beta\}$$

$$= \frac{\sin \frac{n\beta}{2}}{\sin \beta} \cdot \sin \frac{1}{2} \{2\alpha + (n-1)\beta\}$$

②  $\cos \alpha + \cos(\alpha + \beta) + \cos(\alpha + 2\beta) + \dots + \cos\{\alpha + (n-1)\beta\}$

$$= \frac{\sin \frac{n\beta}{2}}{\sin \beta} \cdot \cos\left\{\alpha + \frac{(n-1)\beta}{2}\right\} \textcircled{1} \textcircled{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 - y^2 &= a^2 \\ x &= a \cosh z \\ y &= a \sinh z \end{aligned}$$

$$x + y = 2e^{z/2}$$

W.O.4 (2)

$\sin(x+A) = -\sin A, \sin(2x+A) = \sin A, \sin(3x+A) = \sin A, \dots$   
 $\sin x - \sin 2x + \sin 3x - \sin 4x + \dots$

$S = \sin x + \sin(x+2x) + \sin(x+2x+3x) + \dots$   
 --- to n terms

$= \sin n \left( \frac{x+2x}{2} \right) \cdot \sin \left\{ x + (n-1) \frac{x+2x}{2} \right\}$

$= \sin n \left( \frac{x+2x}{2} \right) \cdot \sin \left\{ x + (n-1) \frac{x+2x}{2} \right\}$

W.O.5  $\sqrt{1+\cos 2x} + \sqrt{1+\cos 4x} + \sqrt{1+\cos 6x} + \dots$

$S = \sqrt{2\cos^2 x} + \sqrt{2\cos^2 2x} + \sqrt{2\cos^2 3x} + \dots$

[Square root and square  
 term in cosine formula  
 use it]

$= \sqrt{2} \cos x + \sqrt{2} \cos 2x + \sqrt{2} \cos 3x + \dots$

$= \sqrt{2} [\cos x + \cos 2x + \cos 3x + \dots]$

$= \sqrt{2} \frac{\sin 2x/4}{\sin x/4} \cos \left\{ \frac{x}{2} + (n-1) \frac{x}{4} \right\}$

$\sin^2 A + \cos^2 A = 1$

$\sin^2 (ny) + \cos^2 (ny) = 1$

$\sin 2A$

$2 \sin A \cos A$

$2 \sin (ny) \cdot \cos (ny)$

W.06 (3)

$$\sqrt{4\sin^2 x} + \sqrt{4\sin^2(ny)} + \sqrt{4\sin^2(ny)}$$

$$S = \sqrt{\sin^2 x \cos^2 n + \cos^2 x \sin^2 n} + \sqrt{\sin^2(ny) \cos^2(ny) + \cos^2(ny) \sin^2(ny)}$$

$$S = \sqrt{(\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x)^2} + \sqrt{(\sin^2(ny) + \cos^2(ny))^2}$$

Root 231a To  
Sine of angles  
in a.P.  $\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$   
and formula  $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$

$$+ \sqrt{\sin^2(ny) + \cos^2(ny)} + \dots$$

$$= (\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x) + \{ \sin^2(ny) + \cos^2(ny) \}$$

$$+ \{ \sin^2(ny) + \cos^2(ny) \} + \dots$$

$$= \{ \sin^2 x + \cos^2 x + \sin^2(ny) + \cos^2(ny) \}$$

$$+ \{ \sin^2(ny) + \cos^2(ny) + \dots \}$$

$$= \frac{\sin^2 \frac{2\pi}{2}}{\sin^2 \frac{2\pi}{2}} + \left\{ \frac{\sin^2 \frac{2\pi}{2} \cos^2 \frac{2\pi}{2}}{\sin^2 \frac{2\pi}{2}} + \frac{\sin^2 \frac{2\pi}{2} \cos^2 \frac{2\pi}{2}}{\sin^2 \frac{2\pi}{2}} \right\}$$

7 (b) Find the sum of  $\sin \alpha \sin (\alpha + \beta) - \sin (\alpha + \beta) \sin (\alpha + 2\beta) + \sin (\alpha + 2\beta) \sin (\alpha + 3\beta) - \dots$  to  $2n$  terms

[concept  $\sin A \sin B = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(A-B) - \cos(A+B)]$ ]

Let  $S = \sin \alpha \sin (\alpha + \beta) - \sin (\alpha + \beta) \sin (\alpha + 2\beta) + \sin (\alpha + 2\beta) \sin (\alpha + 3\beta) - \dots$  to  $2n$  terms

$\therefore 2S = 2 \sin \alpha \sin (\alpha + \beta) - 2 \sin (\alpha + \beta) \sin (\alpha + 2\beta) + 2 \sin (\alpha + 2\beta) \sin (\alpha + 3\beta) - \dots$  to  $2n$  terms

$\therefore 2S = \cos \beta - \cos (2\alpha + \beta) + \{ \cos \beta - \cos (2\alpha + 3\beta) \} + \{ \cos \beta - \cos (2\alpha + 5\beta) \} - \dots$  to  $2n$  terms

[ $\sin A \sin B = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(A-B) - \cos(A+B)]$ ]

$2S = \{ \cos \beta - \cos \beta + \cos \beta - \cos 0 + \dots \}$  to  $2n$  terms

$- [ \cos (2\alpha + \beta) - \cos (2\alpha + 3\beta) + \cos (2\alpha + 5\beta) - \dots ]$  to  $2n$  terms

$\therefore 2S = 0 - [ \cos (2\alpha + \beta) + \cos (\pi + 2\alpha + 3\beta) + \cos (2\pi + 2\alpha + 5\beta) + \dots ]$  to  $2n$  terms

$\therefore 2S = - \sin 2n \frac{\pi + 2\beta}{2} \frac{\cos \{ (2\alpha + \beta) + (n-1) \frac{\pi + 2\beta}{2} \}}{\sin \frac{\pi + 2\beta}{2}}$

$\therefore S = - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sin n (\pi + 2\beta)}{\sin (\frac{\pi}{2} + \beta)} \cos \{ 2\alpha + \beta + (n-1) (\frac{\pi}{2} + \beta) \}$

$= - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sin n (\pi + 2\beta)}{\cos \beta} \cos (2\alpha + \beta + n\pi + 2n\beta - \frac{n\pi}{2})$

$= - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sin n (\pi + 2\beta)}{\cos \beta} \cos \{ 2\alpha + 2n\beta + (n-\frac{1}{2})\pi \}$